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Somerfleck & Associates, PLLC



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Case 18-42994-drd7 Doc 213-3 Filed 08/13/20 on Filed 08/19/20 23:57:48 Desc Exhibit Returned service addressed to attorney for Gerald Sanders Page 3 of 13

Complete items 1, 2, and 3. Print your name and address on the reverse	A. Signature	☐ Agent
so that we can return the card to you. Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, or on the front if space permits.	B. Received by (Printed Name)	C. Date of Delivery
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	ary Restricted Delivery	Signature Confirmation TM

Joseph C. Jeppson, VI

Attorney at Law
P 816.472.1655 · f 816.472.1661
ijeppson@jeppsonlawoffice.com

Somerfleck & Associates, PLLC 866 Rte 7, Nelson Bldg, #102 Asan, GU 96910

BANKRUPTCY PROFESSIONALS

Notice of Electronic Filing

The following transaction was received from Joseph C. Jeppson entered on 1/20/2020 at 3:51 PM CST and filed on 1/20/2020

Case Name: Carol Linda Dille [BELOW MED]

Case Number: <u>18-42994-drd13</u>

Docket Text:

Notice of Amendment to Schedules adding creditor(s), filing fee to be paid in the amount of 31 dollars filed by Carol Linda Dille. (Jeppson, Joseph)

The following document(s) are associated with this transaction:

Document Number: 156



Casse 188-4429994-dridt 3 DDc 213-6 Filed 028/209/20 Emterred 028/209/20 123:57:048 Desc Exhibit Returned service Adaire Secoluto cattorn & Gerald Sanders Page 5 of 13 MOW 1009-1.3 (01/16)

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI

In Re	: :)		
Carol	Linda Dille)	Case No:	18-42994-drd13
		Debto	or(s))		
			AMENDMENT O			F DEBTS
		notified that the debtor has filed a you are also notified of the full soci				ditors listed below or on the attachment. By
1.	Creditor:					
	Inn on 875 No	Sanders the Bay rth Route 2 Guam 96915				
1.	Claim (an	nount owed, nature of claim, date	incurred):			
	unknov	vn				
2.	This clain	n has been scheduled as: $\ \square$ P	riority See	cured	⊠ Gener	al unsecured
3.	Trustee, i	f one has been appointed:				
	Richard	l Fink				
4.		for filing complaints objecting to d §§ 523, 727:	ischarge of specific	debts or c	of the gener	ral discharge of debtor under
		Click here to enter a d	late			
	\boxtimes	This claim was added to the school 30 days after the date of service			iling compla	aints stated above. The creditor shall have
5.	Deadline	for filing proofs of claim [select the	e appropriate parag	raph beloi	w]:	
		This is a no-asset case. It is unrecreditors will receive a notice set			If it is dete	rmined there are assets to distribute,
		If this claim was added to the so	chedules after the de	eadline for	r filing claim	ns stated above or if the deadline will pass
		within 30 days, the creditor shal https://ecf.mowb.uscourts.gov/c	•		of service to	o file a proof of claim.
		This is a Chapter 13 case. You he file your proof of claim. https://e				or until the bar date, whichever is later, to Claims.pl
		Date: <u>January 20, 2020</u>	Joseph Jeppso 700 E Kansas	seph C. Je n C. Jeppson on Law Off 8th St #70 G City, MO 472-1655	fice, LLC 00	

(816) 472-1661

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Information to id	dentify the case:	
Debtor 1:	Carol Linda Dille	Social Security number or ITIN: 489–58–6331
Debior 1.	First Name Middle Name Last Name	EIN:
Debtor 2: (Spouse, if filing) First Name Middle Name Last Name		Social Security number or ITIN:
United States Bankruptcy Court: Western District of Missouri		Date case filed for chapter: 13 11/20/18
Case number:	18-42994-drd13	

Official Form 309I

Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case

12/17

For the debtors listed above, a case has been filed under chapter 13 of the Bankruptcy Code. An order for relief has been entered.

This notice has important information about the case for creditors, debtors, and trustees, including information about the meeting of creditors and deadlines. Read both pages carefully.

The filing of the case imposed an automatic stay against most collection activities. This means that creditors generally may not take action to collect debts from the debtors, the debtors' property, and certain codebtors. For example, while the stay is in effect, creditors cannot sue, garnish wages, assert a deficiency, repossess property, or otherwise try to collect from the debtors. Creditors cannot demand repayment from debtors by mail, phone, or otherwise. Creditors who violate the stay can be required to pay actual and punitive damages and attorney's fees. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although debtors can ask the court to extend or impose a stay.

Confirmation of a chapter 13 plan may result in a discharge. Creditors who assert that the debtors are not entitled to a discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 1328(f) must file a motion objecting to discharge in the bankruptcy clerk's office within the deadline specified in this notice. Creditors who want to have their debt excepted from discharge may be required to file a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the same deadline. (See line 13 below for more information.)

To protect your rights, consult an attorney. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below or through PACER (Public Access to Court Electronic Records at www.pacer.gov).

The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice.

To help creditors correctly identify debtors, debtors submit full Social Security or Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers, which may appear on a version of this notice. However, the full numbers must not appear on any document filed with the court

Do not file this notice with any proof of claim or other filing in the case. Do not include more than the last four digits of a Social Security or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number in any document, including attachments, that you file with the court.

		About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2:
1.	Debtor's full name	Carol Linda Dille	
2.	All other names used in the last 8 years		
3.	Address	4937 Westwood Rd Kansas City, MO 64112	
	Dalata da attaura	Joseph C. Jeppson VI	Contact phone 816-472-1655
4.	Debtor's attorney Name and address	Jeppson Law Office, LLC 700 E 8th St, Ste 700 Kansas City, MO 64106	Email: jjeppson@jeppsonlawoffice.com
5.	Bankruptcy trustee	Richard Fink	Contact phone 816-842-1031
	Name and address	Suite 1200 2345 Grand Blvd. Kansas City, MO 64108–2663	Email: ecfincdocs@WDMO13.com
6.	Bankruptcy clerk's office		Hours open:
	Documents in this case may be filed at this address.	U.S. Bankruptcy Court	9:00 am – 4:30 pm
	You may inspect all records filed in this case at this office or online at	Charles Evans Whittaker Courthouse 400 East 9th Street, Room 1510 Kansas City, MO 64106	Contact phone 816–512–1800
	www.pacer.gov.		Date: 11/21/18

For more information, see page 2

Official Form 309I Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case page 1

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Debtor Carol Linda Dille Case number 18–42994–drd13

7.	Meeting of creditors Debtors must attend the meeting to be questioned under oath. In a joint case, both spouses must attend. Creditors may attend, but are not required to do so.	December 18, 2018 at 9:00 AM The meeting may be continued or adjourned to a later date. If so, the date will be on the court docket.	Location: 400 East 9th Street Room 2110B, Kans		
8. Deadlines The bankruptcy clerk's office make these documents and a		Deadline to file a complaint to challenge dischargeability of certain debts:	Filing deadline: _		
	required filing fee by the following deadlines.	You must file: a motion if you assert that the debtors are not entitled to receive under U.S.C. § 1328(f), or	a discharge		
		 a complaint if you want to have a particular debt excepted from ounder 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(2) or (4). 	lischarge		
		Deadline for all creditors to file a proof of claim (except governmental units):	Filing deadline: 1/	/29/19	
		Deadline for governmental units to file a proof of claim:	Filing deadline:		
		Deadlines for filing proof of claim: A proof of claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim www.uscourts.gov or any bankruptcy clerk's office. If you do not file a proof of claim by the deadline, you might not be proof of claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules that the d Secured creditors retain rights in their collateral regardless of wheth claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court example, a secured creditor who files a proof of claim may surrenderight to a jury trial.	paid on your claim. To ebtor filed. ner they file a proof of , with consequences a	o be paid, you must file a claim. Filing a proof of a lawyer can explain. For	
		Deadline to object to exemptions: The law permits debtors to keep certain property as exempt. If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption claimed, you may file an objection.	Filing deadline:	30 days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors	
9.	Filing of plan	The debtor has not filed a plan as of this date. A copy of the plan and be sent separately.	a notice of the heari	ng on confirmation will	
10	D. Creditors with a foreign address	If you are a creditor receiving a notice mailed to a foreign address, extend the deadline in this notice. Consult an attorney familiar with questions about your rights in this case.	you may file a motion United States bankru	asking the court to ptcy law if you have any	
11	1. Filing a chapter 13 bankruptcy case	Chapter 13 allows an individual with regular income and debts belo according to a plan. A plan is not effective unless the court confirms plan and appear at the confirmation hearing. A copy of the plan, if r the confirmation hearing is not indicated on this notice, you will be a debtor will remain in possession of the property and may continue to court orders otherwise.	s it. You may object to not enclosed, will be s sent notice of the conf	o confirmation of the ent to you later, and if firmation hearing. The	
12	2. Exempt property	The law allows debtors to keep certain property as exempt. Fully exto creditors, even if the case is converted to chapter 7. Debtors mus You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at does not authorize an exemption that debtors claimed, you may file	st file a list of property t <u>www.pacer.gov</u> . If y	claimed as exempt. ou believe that the law	
13	3. Discharge of debts	Confirmation of a chapter 13 plan may result in a discharge of debts. However, unless the court orders otherwise, the debts will not be di are made. A discharge means that creditors may never try to collect as provided in the plan. If you want to have a particular debt except 523(a)(2) or (4), you must file a complaint and pay the filing fee in the you believe that the debtors are not entitled to a discharge of any or must file a motion by the deadline.	scharged until all pay t the debt from the de ted from discharge un he bankruptcy clerk's	ments under the plan btors personally except der 11 U.S.C. § office by the deadline. If	

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Debtor(s): Carol Linda Dille 18-42994-drd13

United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Missouri

3rd Amended Chapter 13 Plan

\boxtimes	Check if this is an	amended pl	lan and list	below the	Parts of	the plan	that have	been	changed:	All languag	e in red	including
	parts 2.1, 3.1, 3.4	, 5.4, and 7				•			_			

Above Median Below Median

Part 1: Notices

To Debtors: This form sets out options that may be appropriate in some cases, but the presence of an option on the form does not indicate that the option is appropriate in your circumstances. Plans that do not comply with local rules and judicial rulings may not be confirmable.

In the following notice to creditors, you must check each box that applies.

To Creditors: Your rights may be affected by this plan. Your claim may be reduced, modified, or eliminated.

You should read this plan carefully and discuss it with your attorney if you have one in this bankruptcy case. If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.

If you oppose the plan's treatment of your claim or any provision of this plan, you or your attorney must file a timely written objection to confirmation. The Bankruptcy Court may confirm this plan without further notice if no objection to confirmation is filed. See Bankruptcy Rule 3015 and LR Rule 3083-1(D) and (E). In addition, you must have a filed and allowed proof of claim in order to be paid under any plan.

The following matters may be of particular importance. *Debtors must check one box on each line to* state whether or not the plan includes each of the following items. If an item is checked as "Not Included," if both boxes are checked, or if neither box is checked, the provision will be ineffective if set out later in the plan.

	1.1	A limit on the amount of a secured claim, set out in Part 3.2, which may result in a partial payment or no payment at all to the secured creditor	□ Included	
Ī	1.2	Avoidance of a judicial lien or a nonpossessory, nonpurchase-money security interest, set out in Part 3.7	☐ Included	⋈ Not included
Ī	1.3	Nonstandard provisions, set out in Part 7		☐ Not included

Part 2: Plan Payments

2.1 Debtor(s) will make regular payments to the trustee as follows:

\$_3,065.00 per month with payments increasing to \$4,400 beginning with the payment due in April 2019 and decreasing to \$3,350.00 beginning in November 2019 and increasing to \$5,600.00 beginning in October 2020.

2.2 Regular payments to the trustee will be made from future income in the following manner: Check all that apply.

- ☐ Debtor(s) will make payments pursuant to a payroll deduction order to the employer(s) and in the amount(s) listed below:
- □ Debtor(s) will make payments directly to the trustee.

2.3 Additional payments.

□ **None**. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 2.3 need not be completed or reproduced.

Debtor(s) will make additional payment(s) to the trustee from other sources, as specified below. Describe the source, amount, and date of each additional payment. Additional payment as described in Part 7(b)

Part 3: Treatment of Secured Claims

3.1 Maintenance of payments and cure of default, if any.

□ **None.** If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 3.1 need not be completed or reproduced.

The current contractual installment payments on the secured claims listed below will be maintained, with any changes required by the applicable contract, and noticed in conformity with any applicable rules. These payments will be disbursed either by the trustee or directly by the debtor, as specified below. Any existing arrearage on a listed claim will be paid in full through disbursements by the trustee on a pro rata basis, with interest, if any, at the rate stated. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the amounts listed on a filed and allowed proof of claim control over any contrary amounts listed below as to the current installment payment and arrearage. Mortgage payments paid by the trustee will be paid pursuant

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Debtor(s): Carol Linda Dille

18-42994-drd13

to LR 3094-1. Vehicle loans may be paid as long term debts if they qualify as such pursuant to the terms of the contract. Any vehicle loan listed in this paragraph must be paid from the plan payments pursuant to LR 3070-1. Post-petition Homeowner's Association (HOA) dues and pre-petition HOA arrearages shall be treated in Part 3.1.

Creditor name	Collateral/	Last 4	Post petition	Post-petition	Post-petition payment		petition payment E		Arrearage
	Street address	digits of account #	monthly payment	Paid through plan	Paid directly	pre- petition arrearage	interest rate		
Bank of New York	4933 Westwood	7886	\$ 1,110.73	\boxtimes		6,578.16	zero		
Seterus	4605 Liberty	8921	\$ 874.00	\boxtimes		6,500	zero		

- 3.2 Request for valuation of security, payment of fully secured claims, and modification of undersecured claims.
 - None. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 3.2 need not be completed or reproduced.
- 3.3 Secured claims excluded from 11 U.S.C. §506.
 - None. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 3.3 need not be completed or reproduced.
- 3.4 Mortgages to be paid in full during the life of the plan
 - □ **None.** If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 3.4 need not be completed or reproduced.

If no monthly payment is provided, the creditor will be paid pro rata from funds available for this class after the payment of creditors with an Equal Monthly Amount.

If no interest rate is listed in the plan or on the face of the proof of claim, the trustee will use the Chapter 13 rate in effect for this case.

If the post-petition payments are paid through the plan, the trustee will only make principal and interest payments on the mortgage claims listed in Part 3.4. Pre-petition arrears will be paid as part of the principal balance of the claim and not as a separate claim.

Creditor name	Collateral/ Street address	Last 4 digits of	Principal balance	Monthly payment	Post-petition payments		Interest rate
		account #			Paid through plan	Paid directly	
Sasha Investments	4937 Westwood	1006	\$ 104,838	\$ 400.00	\boxtimes		ZERO
Sasha Investments	781 NW 1621st Rd	1005	\$ 158,650	\$ 610.00	\boxtimes		ZERO

Escrow accounts associated with the claims listed above in Part 3.4:

None. Any escrow accounts associated with a claim listed in this paragraph shall be paid directly by debtors or by the trustee as a separate claim record pursuant to the Information listed below. If the post-petition escrow payments are paid by the trustee, the trustee will cease making said payments once the underlying claim has been paid in full.

3.5 Secured claims of governmental units.

None. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 3.5 need not be completed or reproduced.

3.6 Surrender of collateral.

Mone. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 3.6 need not be completed or reproduced.

3.7 Lien avoidance.

■ None. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 3.6 need not be completed or reproduced.

Part 4: Treatment of Fees and Priority Claims

4.1 General

Trustee's fees will be collected pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §586.

For Domestic Support Obligation ("DSO") noticing purposes, under 11 U.S.C. §1302(d), if the DSO claim holder listed is a governmental unit, list the name(s), address(es) and phone number(s) of the actual holder of a DSO as defined in 11 U.S.C. §101(14A). Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §112 and Bankruptcy Rule 9037, do not disclose the name of a minor child. Identify only with the minor's initials.

If the debtor has a tax redemption claim, said claim must be listed in Part 7 and specific instructions for treatment of creditor must be clearly set out. The box in Part 1.2 indicating that nonstandard provisions are included must also be checked.

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Debtor(s): Carol Linda Dille 18-42994-drd13

4.2 Attorney's fees

Total pre-confirmation attorney fees paid attorney fees directly by the debtor		Pre-confirmation attorney fees paid from the plan payments	Equal monthly amount ("EMA")
\$ 6175.00	\$ 6175.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00

4.3 Ongoing post-petition Domestic Support Obligations.

☑ None. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 4.3 need not be completed or reproduced.

4.4 Pre-Petition Arrears on Domestic Support Obligation claims.

■ None. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 4.4 need not be completed or reproduced.

4.5. Other Priority Claims.

□ **None.** If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 4.5 need not be completed or reproduced.

Other Priority claims will be paid by the trustee from plan payments on a pro rata basis as funds are available for this class of claimant unless otherwise specified in Part 7. Any other special provisions must be clearly set out in Part 7.

Priority creditor name	Estimated priority claim
Jackson County Collections	\$ 24.00

Part 5: Treatment of Nonpriority Unsecured Claims

5.1 General

Absent court order or other agreement with the trustee, debtor(s) shall turn over to the trustee the non-exempt portion of any federal or state tax refund that is a pre-petition asset unless the non-exempt equity in the tax refunds is satisfied by the treatment of non-priority unsecured creditors in Part 5.2. Debtor(s) may also be required to pay in tax refund(s) that are not pre-petition assets if the court determines that said refunds are disposable income.

If debtor has a pending or potential lawsuit or other administrative proceeding, whether or not such cause of action is listed on Schedule A/B, any net, non-exempt proceeds which become liquidated shall be turned over to the trustee absent other court order or other agreement with the trustee.

5.2 Nonpriority unsecured claims not separately classified.

Choose only one treatment of non-priority	unsecured creditors below:
---	----------------------------

- □ A dividend of 100%.
- □ A dividend of 0%.
- ☐ A dividend of %.
- \square A base plan. The base is ## months of payments.
- ☐ Liquidation Analysis Pot (LAP). There is non-exempt equity of \$.
- ☐ Disposable Income Pot. The DIP amount is \$ (60 x \$ monthly disposable income as calculated on Form 122C-2).

5.3 Maintenance of payments and cure of any default on nonpriority unsecured claims (i.e. long-term student loans).

■ None. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 5.3 need not be completed or reproduced.

5.4 Other separately classified nonpriority unsecured claims.

□ **None**. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 5.4 need not be completed or reproduced.

The nonpriority unsecured allowed claims listed below are separately classified and will be treated as follows

Creditor name	Basis for separate classification and treatment	Amount of the claim	Interest rate (if applicable)
Social Security Administration	Direct payment by recoupment of ongoing SSA benefits pursuant to Order entered 06/03/19 (#92)	\$ 67,739.20	n/a

Part 6: Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

List the treatment of executory contracts and unexpired leases below.

■ None. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 6 need not be completed or reproduced.

Part 7: Nonstandard Plan Provisions

□ **None**. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 7 need not be completed or reproduced.

Nonstandard provisions must be set forth below. A nonstandard provision is a provision not otherwise included in the approved form for the Western District of Missouri or deviating from it. Nonstandard provisions set out elsewhere in this plan are ineffective.

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Debtor(s): Carol Linda Dille 18-42994-drd13

The following plan provisions will be effective only if there is a check in the box "Included" in Part 1.2.

- a) If a secured creditor receives relief from the automatic stay pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §362(d) or if an asset is surrendered pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1325(a)(5)(c), in this Chapter 13 Plan, then any and all claims that are secured by the asset(s) shall no longer be long term debts and shall not be excepted from discharge.
- The debtor will sell or refinance real estate by month 48 of this plan and use the proceeds to satisfy the claims listed in Part 3.4 with a direct payment. The trustee will continue to pay the monthly amounts described in Part 3.4 until the debtor files an objection to claim, the claimant notifies the trustee that payments are no longer required, or the Court orders otherwise. The sale proceeds will not be managed by the trustee and the trustee will not collect a percentage fee of any of those sale proceeds.
- The conduit payment to Bayview Loan Servicing on Part 3.1 is to begin with the mortgage payment due in May 2019. The debtor has made direct payments for each of the months since filing, December 2018 – April 2019.

/s/ Joseph C. Jeppson, VI	Date
Signature of Attorney for Debtor(s)	
/a/ Canal Linda Dilla	Data 11/20/2010
/s/ Carol Linda Dille	Date <u>11/20/2019</u>
Carol Linda Dille	
Signature(s) of Debtor(s)	

The debtor(s) must sign this document even if represented by an attorney and even if the attorney also has

By filing this document, the Attorney for Debtor(s) or Debtor(s) themselves, if not represented by an attorney, also certify(ies) that the wording and order of the provisions in this Chapter 13 plan are identical to those contained in the approved form for the Western District of Missouri, other than any nonstandard provisions included in Part 7.

PLAN PROVISIONS

PLAN PAYMENTS AND LENGTH OF PLAN

Part 8: Signatures

- i. Mailing address: All plan payments shall be payable to "Richard V. Fink, Trustee", shall include the debtor's name and case number and shall be mailed to Richard V. Fink, Trustee, P.O. Box 1839, Memphis, TN 38101-1839. Any changes to the plan payment mailing address will be posted on www.ndc.org
- ii. Commencement date: Plan payments shall commence within 30 days of the petition date. Once a plan is confirmed, that plan payment remains in effect until such time as the court confirms a subsequent amendment.
- iii. **Employer wage order:** If the box for voluntary wage assignment to the employer is checked and the employer address is not provided, the wage order shall be issued directly to the debtor. If neither box in Part 2.2 is checked, the wage order shall be issued directly to the debtor. Full and timely payment is the debtor's responsibility if the voluntary wage assignment has not gone into effect or if the employer does not remit the full plan payment amount. The trustee also may cause an order to remit plan payments to be issued to the debtor's employer pursuant to LR 3083-1.
- iv. Electronic payments: Payments can be made electronically to the trustee. There are links to the websites at www.ndc.org and <a

- i. Interest rate for pre-petition arrearage: All pre-petition arrearages, whether scheduled or unscheduled, shall be paid 0% interest pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1322(e) unless otherwise specified in the plan or ordered by the court. If a portion of the pre-petition arrearage is entitled to interest, the treatment should be clearly specified in Part 7 as to the amount to be paid interest and the applicable interest rate. If the proof of claim is filed with no information regarding the portion to be paid interest, the trustee shall pay interest on the amount indicated in the plan. If no specific interest rate is provided and the plan provides for interest, the trustee shall use the Chapter 13 Rate in effect for the case.
- ii. Post-petition mortgage payment change: A "Notice of Mortgage Payment Change" shall be filed with the court and served on the debtor, the debtor's counsel and the trustee no later than twenty-one (21) prior to any payment change and shall contain the information required pursuant to LR 3094-1 and Bankruptcy Rule 3002.1.
- iii. Pre-confirmation adequate protection payments on claims secured by real property: The trustee shall distribute adequate protection payments to real property creditors being paid from the plan payments pursuant to LR 3086-1.
- iv. No proof of claim filed or no transfer filed: The trustee shall reserve funds for the conduit portion of claims treated as long term debts and paid from the plan payments. If no proof of claim is filed, the trustee generally files a motion to deposit funds into the court registry at the conclusion of the case and will deposit the reserved funds into the court registry absent other court order. If a proof of claim is filed but the claimant does not accept funds from the trustee and no transfer or assignment of claim is filed, the trustee generally files a motion to deposit funds into the court registry at the conclusion of the case and will deposit the reserved funds into the court registry absent other court order.

SECURED CLAIMS - ADEQUATE PROTECTION

- How adequate protection payments are made: Creditors listed in Part 3 that are entitled to adequate protection payments pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1326(a)(1) or LR 3086-1 will receive said payments from the trustee pursuant to LR 3086-1 unless otherwise ordered by the court. A creditor shall not receive adequate protection payments if the plan does not provide for such creditor to be treated as secured in Part 3. In order for such creditor to receive adequate protection payments, the debtor must amend the plan to specify creditor's treatment as secured and to provide an equal monthly amount for that creditor or the creditor must file an appropriate motion for adequate protection with the court and obtain an order. Creditors may file objections to the adequate protection treatment provided by the plan.
- ii. Proof of claim required: Creditors listed in Part 3 that are entitled to adequate protection payments pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1326(a)(1) or LR 3086-1, will receive payments from the trustee only after a proof of claim is filed with the court. Adequate protection payments shall be paid from the second

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Debtor(s): Carol Linda Dille

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month following the petition or conversion month through the confirmation month. The principal amount of the adequate protection recipient's claim shall be reduced by the amount of the adequate protection payments remitted unless the court orders otherwise.

D. SECURED CLAIMS OF GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

i. The trustee shall pay secured claims of governmental units based on a filed and allowed proof of claim, whether listed in the plan or not, in full pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §511(a), if the claim is a tax claim entitled to payment under this statute. If the tax claim does not provide the non-bankruptcy applicable interest rate, it will be paid at the Chapter 13 rate in effect for this case.

E. LIEN RETENTION

The holder of a secured claim shall retain its lien until the earlier of the payment of the underlying debt determined under non-bankruptcy law or the discharge under 11 U.S.C. §1328. If the case is dismissed or converted without completion of the plan, the lien also shall be retained by such holder to the extent recognized by applicable non-bankruptcy law pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1325(a)(5)(B).

F. TREATMENT OF FEES AND PRIORITY CLAIMS

- i. Trustee's fees: Trustee's fees shall be collected pursuant to 28 U.S.C §586.
- ii. **Pre-confirmation debtor's attorney's fees:** Attorney fees shall be paid from the plan payments pursuant to LR 2016-1 unless a different treatment is provided in Part 7 *and* the court issues a specific order regarding that proposed treatment. Pre-confirmation attorney fees are limited to the amounts set out in LR 2016-1(D) absent a court order allowing fees in excess of said amounts. The confirmation of the plan without that separate, specific court order shall not permit attorney fees to be paid contrary to the equal monthly amount specified in Part 4.2. All attorney fees paid contrary to that paragraph or other order of the court are subject to disgorgement.
- iii. **Treatment:** Eleven U.S.C. §1322(a)(2) provides that all claims entitled to priority under §507(a) shall be paid in full in deferred cash payments, except when §1322(a)(4) applies to §507(a)(1)(B) priority claim, unless the holder of a particular claim agrees to a different treatment of such claim. All priority claims, regardless of the underlying basis for the claim, are similarly classified for purposes of distribution under this plan unless otherwise specified in Part 7 or other order of the court. Priority creditors shall not receive interest on their claims unless otherwise specified in the plan or other order of the court.
- iv. Classification: All priority creditors, including DSO's, with a filed and allowed claim for whom an EMA is provided in Part 7, shall be grouped for distribution purposes with any creditor for whom an EMA is provided, including secured claims and debtor's attorney's fees. All priority unsecured creditors, including DSO's, with a filed and allowed claim for whom an EMA is not provided, shall be grouped for distribution purposes with any secured creditor being paid pro rata as funds are available for that class of creditors.

G. TREATMENT OF NONPRIORITY UNSECURED CLAIMS

i. Base plans:

- a. **Base amount:** The base amount ("Base") shall be calculated by multiplying the number of months proposed in a base case by the monthly plan payment. If the monthly plan payment changes, the base shall be adjusted accordingly.
- b. **Dividend to be set in Base plans:** After both the governmental and non-governmental bar dates have passed and the trustee has filed the Notice Allowing/Disallowing Claims and said Notice is final, the trustee will set a dividend in Base cases establishing the percentage that the Base will pay to non-priority unsecured creditors at that time. The trustee will provide a notice of the set dividend.
- c. Adjustments to the dividend: Once the dividend has been set in a Base plan, the trustee may adjust the dividend as necessary to ensure that the case complies with the Applicable Commitment Period if the plan runs short of the Applicable Commitment Period due to a withdrawn proof of claim, a lump sum payment made by the debtor, a decrease in trustee's fees, a decrease in the conduit mortgage payment, or any other event. The dividend may also be adjusted based on a post-confirmation amended plan filed by debtor. The trustee will provide notice of the adjusted dividend. If the debtor remits sufficient funds to the trustee to pay off the case in full, e.g. 100% to all filed and allowed unsecured creditors; the trustee may adjust the plan to a 100% plan for filed and allowed unsecured creditors without further order of the court.
- d. Payment of non-priority unsecured creditors: Filed and allowed non-priority unsecured creditors shall be paid their pro rata share, as funds are available, of plan payments available after the satisfaction of administrative expenses, secured claims (including interest), priority unsecured claims and after all long-term debt payments being paid through the trustee are current.
- e. **Length of Base:** Because the total funds paid into the plan *must* be sufficient to satisfy the administrative expenses, secured claims and priority unsecured claims, the plan may actually run longer than the number of months needed to satisfy the Base. Any adjustments made to the Base that results in the Plan running in excess of the sixty-month statutory time limit of 11 U.S.C. §1322(d) may result in the trustee filling a motion to dismiss.

ii. Pot plans:

a. Liquidation analysis pot (LAP): The LAP amount listed in Part 5.2 should be the amount of non-exempt equity. When setting the dividend to non-priority unsecured creditors, the trustee will deduct hypothetical Chapter 7 trustee fees from the LAP amount. The hypothetical fees will be calculated pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §326. After deduction of said fees and any allowed priority claims, any funds remaining in the LAP will be paid to allowed non-priority unsecured claimants pursuant to the set dividend. Filed and allowed special or co-debtor non-priority claims will not receive more than their pro rata share of any funds available for distribution to filed and allowed non-priority claimants from the LAP; if the plan provides for filed and allowed special or co-debtor non-priority claims to be paid more than the other filed and allowed non-priority unsecured claimants, then the debtor shall pay to the trustee the additional funds necessary to satisfy those claims.

b. Disposable income pot (DIP):

- DIP amount: If the debtor has disposable income as defined in 11 U.S.C. §§1325(b)(2) and (b)(3) and the applicable commitment period as defined in §1325(b)(4)(A) is not less than five (5) years, the DIP amount shall be the amount of the monthly disposable income on Form 122C-2 multiplied by 60.
- 2. Dividends in DIP plans: When setting the dividend to non-priority unsecured creditors, the trustee will deduct preconfirmation attorney's fees paid from plan payments and filed and allowed special or co-debtor non-priority unsecured claims. Filed and allowed priority claims are not deducted from the DIP as they already have been deducted on the Form 122C-2. Any remaining funds in the DIP will be paid to filed and allowed non-priority unsecured claims pursuant to the set dividend. If the DIP is less than or equal to the sum of the pre-confirmation debtor's attorney's fees being paid from the plan payments and filed and allowed special or co-debtor non-priority unsecured claims, the filed and allowed non-priority unsecured claims shall receive zero percent (0%), unless the plan runs short of the applicable commitment period. See paragraph I(ii) below.
- c. Adjustment to dividend for both LAP plans and DIP plans: After the dividend to non-priority unsecured creditors is set, the trustee will not reduce the dividend to accommodate additional or amended proofs of claim filed and allowed after the bar date but may increase the dividend if a proof of claim is withdrawn or amended to a lower amount to ensure compliance with 11 U.S.C. §1325(a)(4). If the debtor believes that reduction of the dividend is required, it will be the responsibility of the debtor to determine the appropriate dividend and file an amended plan to adjust the dividend. Any such amendment to the plan shall reflect the dividend which previously has been set and shall provide a dividend that will comply with 11 U.S.C. §1325(a)(4) and must be at least equal to any distributions already made to non-priority unsecured creditors.

H. DISTRIBUTIONS TO CREDITORS

i. **Proof of claim:** The trustee shall only distribute payments, including adequate protection payments, to creditors who have filed and allowed proofs of claim. If the plan provides for the debtor to make payments directly, then the failure of the creditor to file a proof of claim does not excuse the debtor from making the required direct payments. If the debtor is to make direct payments to a creditor, those payments must be paid pursuant to the terms of the contract regardless of whether the plan is confirmed. However, if the trustee is to pay any portion of a claim, then it is necessary for the creditor

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Debtor(s): Carol Linda Dille

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to file a proof of claim to receive the portion of the claim to be paid through the trustee. Notwithstanding the confirmation of this plan, the debtor(s) and the trustee reserve the right to challenge the allowance, validity or enforceability of any claim, in accordance with 11 U.S.C. §502(b) and to challenge the standing of any party to assert any such claim.

- ii. **Order of distributions:** The trustee shall distribute to creditors, absent other order of the court, based on the confirmed plan, filed and allowed proofs of claim, and the notice to allow claims and any subsequent notices to allow additional, adjusted or amended claims. See LR-3084-1 and LR 3085-1. The manner and order of distribution to creditors shall be determined by the trustee unless otherwise clearly set out in the plan as confirmed.
- iii. **Creditor mailing address/assignments or transfers:** The trustee shall mail payments to the address provided on the proof of claim unless the creditor provides another address in writing for payments or the trustee receives other official, written notice of a change of address. If the claim is assigned or transferred, the trustee shall continue to remit to the original creditor until an assignment or transfer of claim is filed with the court.
- iv. **Payment of claim after lifting of stay:** The trustee shall continue to make payments to any creditor with a filed and allowed claim after an order granting relief from the stay is entered or the stay is otherwise not in effect. The trustee shall cease making payments only if:
 - a. the claim is withdrawn by the creditor; or
 - b. an objection to the claim is filed and an order is entered directing the trustee to cease making payments on the claim; or
 - c. the claimant notifies the trustee in writing that no further payments are owed on the claim(s); or
 - d. an amended plan is filed and confirmed which specifically provides for no further payments to the claimant.

See LR 3086-1

 Trustee's avoidance powers: If the trustee recovers funds related to a transfer, the recovered funds will be for the benefit of unsecured creditors, less administrative fees and costs, absent other court order.

I. DEFINITIONS

- i. **Arrearage**: Any arrearages listed are the debtor's best estimate of the amount owed as of the date of the petition. The trustee shall pay arrearages based on the filed and allowed proof of claim pursuant to LR 3084-1. If no arrearage amount is shown on the proof of claim, none shall be paid.
- ii. **Applicable commitment period:** If the trustee or an unsecured creditor objects to confirmation of a plan pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1325(b)(1)(B), the debtor shall devote to the plan all disposable income for payment to unsecured creditors for the applicable commitment period from the date that the first plan payment is due, as defined in §1326(a)(1), unless the plan provides for payment in full of all filed and allowed unsecured claims over a shorter period. Regardless of whether the trustee objected to the confirmation of the plan pursuant to §1325(b)(1)(B), the trustee may file a Motion to Amend Plan pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1329 to a Base plan, a dividend plan or a Pot plan if the plan as filed and confirmed will pay all administrative expenses and filed and allowed secured and priority creditors in a period of time that is less than the applicable commitment period. This includes plans running less time than anticipated due to the lifting of the automatic stay, secured or priority claims being allowed for less than the scheduled amount or not filed at all, withdrawn claims, lien avoidance or disallowance of claims or plans running less than the applicable commitment period due to other reasons. The trustee, the debtor or an allowed unsecured claimant may also file a Motion to Amend Plan pursuant to §1329 if there has been a post-confirmation change in circumstances that would allow the debtor to pay a dividend or an increased dividend to non-priority unsecured creditors.
- iii. **Equal monthly amount (EMA):** Claims with EMAs may receive more than the EMA and may receive those additional funds prior to payments being made to non-priority unsecured creditors.
- iv. **Long term debt:** A long term debt is one in which the final payment due under the terms of the contract comes due after the final Chapter 13 plan payment comes due.